

## BELGIAN'S PLUCK IS SHOWN ANEW

Lovain and Aershot Vis With Diest and Tirlemont in Heroism

## GERMANS OCCUPY BRUSSELS

Through Flee Belgian Capital as Forces of Kaiser Approach—Story of How Teutonic Army Took the City.

By ERNEST SMITH.  
(Correspondent of the London Daily News.)

Ostend.—After the heroic defense of Diest and Tirlemont it was the turn of Lovain and Aershot to try with handfuls of troops to keep the invader at bay while the main Belgian army was reforming its position.

The battle of Tuesday before Tirlemont had gone on till ten o'clock at night, and even after that, during the few hours before daybreak, rifles snapped out the notice there would be no sleep in the land that night.

Under the cover of darkness the Belgian general staff and army was silently moving to its new position. To have fought where it was at that moment would have given away all the advantages of the allies and would have been to risk heavy loss, and perhaps defeat.

### Germans Charge Trenches.

It was, however, not to do military expert's work that I started to write this, but rather to follow the fortunes of the plucky rear guard of Belgians left behind to harass the oncoming Germans.

At dawn on Wednesday I saw the Germans hotly attacking the trenches that had been filled up during the night with fresh men. Part of them were of the famous Liege field force that had decimated the Germans who approached the trenches before the Liege forts. They had begged to be sent back to Liege to meet the enemy again there. This could not be done, but they had their opportunity now, a desperate one, it is true, for each of those men knew he was marked down to be sacrificed if necessary in the interest of the plans of the defense.

Air Scouts Get Range.  
Two German aeroplanes flying audaciously low swept over the trenches to see how they were held. Almost immediately afterward the German artillery got the range of the trenches and commenced bursting shrapnel over them. Infantry and machine guns were quickly at work and the little band of defenders settled down to keep the enemy's masses of troops at bay as long as possible.

By six o'clock the attack was general along the whole line, but it was particularly violent in front of Aershot. There was a pitiless and determined onslaught in which the German commanders showed the same disregard for the loss of men as elsewhere. Two of the heroic regiments from Liege bore the brunt of the attack in the position northeast of town. They were outnumbered by ten to one, but they stuck to their positions with the courage of desperation and inflicted a fearful loss on the Germans. Their own losses were terrible.

Germans Enter Lovain.  
By 10 o'clock the Germans were in Lovain. They had brought their infantry and machine guns up by motor cars, moving quickly. As the civil guard already had been disbanded, there remained only the rear guard in the town to harass the enemy as long as possible.

It was the same story at Diest, Tirlemont and Aershot. A brief heroic resistance was followed by the inevitable envelopment of the vast forces the Germans were pushing forward. There were desperate combats at Corbeeklee and Lovenjoul and the honorable retreat had been sounded once more.

### THRONGS FLEE BRUSSELS.

By John Banister.  
(London Standard Correspondent.)  
Ostend.—The Germans are in Brussels. This knowledge is brought home to us more forcibly as each hour brings a fresh flock of fugitives from the east. These are not so much the citizens of Brussels as inhabitants of the regions between Liege and the capital who have been wearily making their way towards the coast to evade the ravages of the war.

I left Brussels at 10 o'clock on Wednesday night. The streets were full of excited civilians who were crowding round the gunsmiths' shops clamoring for fire arms. At that time the civilian population of Brussels was bent on holding the city against the invaders and only urgent advice by the Belgian authorities and the proclamation of

## GERMANS WILL FIGHT TO LAST DROP OF BLOOD

London.—A Marconi wireless message from Berlin tells of the German emperor's farewell address to the First regiment of Foot Guards.

They had assembled, the emperor said, to pray that German arms might be blessed, so that they should be able to keep flying the flag of the fatherland over the envy of its enemies, even if this entailed the sacrificing of

the burgomaster prevented the shopkeepers and artisans from facing the Kaiser's hordes. They seemed resolved to sell their lives dearly rather than give up their beloved capital without a blow.

Crowded With Fugitives.  
At that time Brussels was crowded with fugitives from the province of Brabant. Many of the fugitives slept that night in the big open space in front of the railroad station and continued their pilgrimage on foot.

Early Thursday morning those of the civil guard who had not been removed were disarmed and ordered by the Belgians to maintain a pacific attitude.

The Germans entered Lovain at nine o'clock Wednesday morning, and when an abbe left an hour or two later many of the houses were in flames.

Ostend is overrun with fugitives of all classes. Hundreds are camping out on the sands and others are living as best they can in the fields. The Digue is black with fugitives, many of whom are in great distress, having lost all and having no means of support.

Tell of Brussels' Fall.  
The fugitives from Brussels bring more details of the occupation of the capital by the Germans.

The German cavalry which entered Brussels Thursday afternoon was preceded by a group of horsemen, one of whom carried a white flag to indicate that the Germans had no intention of committing any act of hostility unless menaced by the civilian inhabitants.

The officer in command formally notified the burgomaster that the Germans had taken possession of the city. The conversation was carried on with cold courtesy on both sides. The burgomaster mentioned the measures he had taken to pacify the inhabitants, and the German officer gave his assurance that the civil population would not be molested in any way so long as perfect order was maintained.

Citizens Watch Entry.  
The German cavalry was followed by considerable bodies of infantry, who marched into Brussels in perfect silence. Their arrival was watched by the citizens, but there was no demonstration of any kind. German troops occupy the public buildings, and others are encamped in the open spaces of the city.

In front of the Hotel Metropole and before the principal railway station are encampments of German troops, while others have taken up quarters in different parts of town.

Communication between them is maintained by military cyclists, and German army automobiles dash to and fro carrying officers from point to point.

Many of the shops are closed, but the Germans pressed the bakeries into their service, each bakery being compelled to supply a certain fixed number of loaves per day in return for the local prices of bread.

All stations and railway lines in and around Brussels are guarded by German troops, who also are watching over the water and electric works and gas reservoirs.

Military Law Proclaimed.  
German military law has been proclaimed and stringent regulations have been issued for the control of the inhabitants, who are strictly prohibited from being outside their doors after 8 o'clock at night. The Germans also seized a number of prominent citizens, their number being given as 18 to 20, to be held as hostages for the good behavior of the remainder of the inhabitants.

The Germans are commandeering all sorts of provisions and supplies from wholesale stores and retail shops, paying the price which they themselves fix for the goods supplied. Horses and motor cars also are being pressed into service by the invaders.

Portugal's Stake in the War.  
The participation of Portugal in the great war is not of such little importance as is generally believed. She has colonies comprising over 800,000 square miles, inhabited by more than 9,000,000 people. All of these colonies would be exposed to seizure were Germany and Austria successful. Portugal, therefore, has a big stake involved. On the other hand, the alliance with England has been a guarantee to Portugal of the permanence of her possessions.

### Sends Son to Death.

Paris.—Sub-Lieut. Vincent Folque, the only son of Colonel Folque, had just left the Polytechnic and had been attached to his father's regiment. On Friday last Colonel Folque called for an officer to volunteer for what was practically a forlorn hope. His son was the first to come forward. Colonel Folque appointed him to the mission, and a few hours later the young lieutenant fell mortally wounded.

### Paris to Name Street for Liege.

London.—According to a Paris dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company, the council of ministers at the French capital has approved the proposal to rename the Rue d'Allemagne as the Rue de Jean Jaures and the Rue de Berlin as the Rue de Liege.

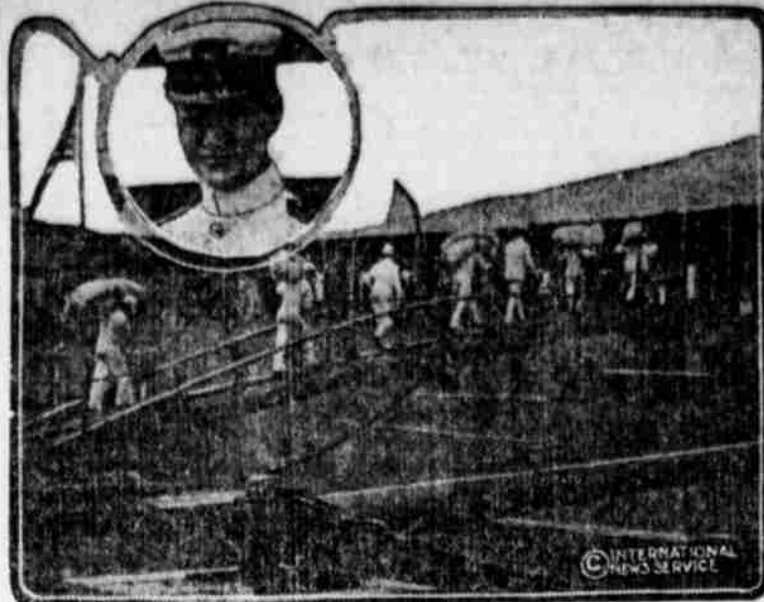
### WOMAN, SHOT AS A TRAITOR, CRIES "VIVE LA FRANCE!"

Geneva.—Mme. Favre Schwarz of Basle, a young and beautiful Swiss lady, married to one of the richest men in Alsace-Lorraine, was shot after a court-martial. She was accused of attempting to blow up an important tunnel on the railroad line near Leopoldsdorf.

Mme. Schwarz made no secret of her intense French sympathies. Having been found guilty and sentenced to death, she shouted "Vive la France!" and she died with this cry upon her lips.

She was well known in the best cosmopolitan society not only of Basle, but of Berlin.

## SUPPLIES FOR STRANDED AMERICANS



Carrying the supplies aboard the cruiser Tennessee, to be taken to Europe to relieve the distress of American tourists. Insert is portrait of Capt. B. C. Decker, in command of the Tennessee.

## HALF THE WORLD AND ITS PEOPLE AT WAR

By LAWRENCE ELSTON,  
International News Service.

London.—More than one-half of the world and its people are involved in the great war now spreading over all Europe.

That is not a broad statement or a glittering generality. Stupendous, stunning as it may appear at first glance, a study of statistics will show it to be a fact that over fifty per cent of the earth's area, land and sea, and slightly in excess of fifty per cent of the world's population are directly concerned in the conflagration.

Roughly, there are about 56,000,000 square miles of the world's land area. The powers now at war and their colonies occupy approximately 28,982,996 square miles, a trifle more than half the total. The seas of the world are controlled by the powers in about the same proportion as the land.

Whitaker's London Almanack estimates the world's total population in 1912 at 1,623,300,000 people. The warring powers and their colonies contain 898,440,000 people, considerably more than one-half.

With so much of the world controlled by the warring nations, no grand division of the earth, no continent and none of the great oceans is without the very real possibility of becoming a battle ground for conflict between the nationals of the contending powers.

Least of the continents, Europe, since the time of Columbus, has extended its claims over the lands and populations everywhere until today its great governments overshadow the greater share of the world's people as well as the land.

### Countries Involved.

The countries now directly involved in the war hold these areas and populations:

| Nation.                          | Square Miles | Population  |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| British Empire                   | 13,525,712   | 435,000,000 |
| Russian Empire                   | 8,647,657    | 166,260,000 |
| France and her colonies          | 4,372,000    | 83,850,000  |
| German Empire                    | 1,243,866    | 80,000,000  |
| Belgium and the Congo Free State | 911,000      | 25,000,000  |
| Austria-Hungary                  | 261,099      | 51,340,000  |
| Serbia                           | 23,661       | 4,000,000   |

Germany has secured a foothold in Africa where she controls about one million square miles in the southern part of the continent, German East Africa and German West Africa. Between these two provinces, which are about equal in size, lies the great South African British Empire. With Germany entirely eliminated, Africa would be far on the way toward being an English and French continent.

France at present holds more African territory than any other nation, aggregating more than four million square miles, or a greater area than that of the United States, with Alaska and the American insular possessions included. This French territory takes in most of the Sahara Desert, Algeria in the north and a vast fertile area in the valleys of the Nile and the Niger.

Egypt is still nominally a dependency of the Turkish Empire, but for all practical purposes, both Upper Egypt and Lower Egypt are British possessions. The Sudan provinces of England now join the British territories in East Africa, which includes a frontage of about four hundred miles on the Indian ocean. Thus the route is nearly all in British territory for the "Cape to Cairo" railroad.

Congo Free State.  
In the very heart of tropical Africa lies the Congo Free State, with nearly a million square miles, nominally a

### UNCLE SAM TO GIVE UP PLAN.

Washington.—The proposal of the United States that nations at war regard as neutral ships owned by a belligerent and chartered exclusively to bring Americans home has now been abandoned. The subject is still being discussed through diplomatic channels, but chiefly to establish the positions of the Powers on Article IV of the second Hague convention. Under that article ships engaged in philanthropic missions are held to be exempt from capture.

Belgian dependency. It touches British South Africa and also the British Sudan holdings. It requires no bold stretch of the imagination to conceive that the present great war may change the map of Africa to a considerable extent. When the great powers sit down around the council table at the end of the conflict, England, in return for her support of Belgium against the Germans, might easily ask that the sovereignty of the Congo Free State be entrusted to her.

France might well be expected to assent to this, because her African holdings would likely be consolidated and considerably extended as the result of her participation in the war. With the Congo Free State in her possession, Great Britain would then hold a great strip of Africa running almost due north and south from the Mediterranean to the Cape. She would control the interior lake region of the Dark Continent whose vast bodies of navigable fresh water are fairly comparable to the Great Lakes of the United States; the Congo Valley; the gold and diamond reefs of South Africa and practically every mile of the immense and rich valley of the Nile.

The consolidated British Empire in Africa, thus brought into being would exceed the British holdings in any other continent, not excepting Australia and the Dominion of Canada.

### The Spoils of War.

On the other hand, should Germany be the dictator in the peace terms at the end of the great struggle, she would undoubtedly exact a large part of the French possessions in Africa. Besides the holdings in the Sahara, the Congo and the Niger Valley, France owns the great island of Madagascar. It is not improbable that if Germany again, as in 1871, were in a position to force terms on France, she would exact her "pound of flesh" in choice bits of French colonial possessions, rather than in cash.

One of the greatest colonizing powers of the world is Holland, whose empire in the East once included much of what is now British India. Holland still owns Borneo, which is nearly as large in area as the German Empire; the Celebes Islands, one-third as large as Borneo; Sumatra, which is nearly as large as France; Java, which though only about as large as Iowa, is one of the most densely populated regions in the world, numbering something like 30,000,000 inhabitants; Dutch Guiana, on the north coast of South America, which is about the size of Java, though having a much smaller population and various islands and groups of islands in the South Seas.

Though Holland has not declared war, the enumeration of her colonial possessions is important in this connection, for she has ordered the mobilization of her army and it is hard to see how, in the event of a prolongation of the big war, any European power with world interests can keep out of it.

## Forty-one Vessels

TO BRING YANKEES HOME—SPECIAL TRAIN ENGAGED BY MYRON HERRICK.

Five Liners Soon Will Leave Havre, Bound For New York—Transports May Not Be Sent.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington.—So many steamship lines are resuming operation from England and France that the Washington government may find it unnecessary to send any transports from this country. Forty-one sailings have been arranged from ports of England and Italy alone between now and October 7, and more ships are daily being provided.

Secretary Garrison, chairman of the Government's Relief Board, gave out the following statement on the transportation of Americans from Europe:

"Ambassador Herrick has arranged to transport the Americans in Switzerland by special trains from Geneva, as follows:

"One thousand on Wednesday, the 26th; 1,000 on Thursday, the 27th; 500 on Friday, the 28th, and 500 on Saturday, the 29th. The following ships will sail from Havre for the United States, upon dates not now obtainable:

"The Rochambeau, the Flanders, the France, the Lorraine and one additional ship, the name of which was not sent. The Ambassador has also arranged to transport 140 Americans on La Champlain, sailing from Havre on August 31. The Espagne sailed from Havre on August 22 with 800 Americans on board.

### ATTEMPTED TO SWINDLE BANKS.

Catlettsburg, Ky.—On charge that they attempted to swindle local banks out of \$40,000, Colonel Henry S. Gardner, of Magoffin county, a farmer, and his son, L. M. Gardner, of Sayersville, Ky., were arrested here. Both father and son are in jail. The father's bond has been fixed at \$1,000. The son will not be given bail, as he is under suspended sentence in the Federal Court.

### NEUTRALITY PROCLAMATION.

Washington.—Neutrality of the United States in the war between Germany and Japan was proclaimed by President Wilson, the form following the proclamation already issued. Another proclamation will be made following official announcement of Austria's war declaration against Japan.

### UNABLE TO GIVE AN ACCOUNT.

Paris.—Five hundred strangers of all nationalities in Paris, who were unable to give a good account of themselves, have been sent to the concentration camps in Middle and Western France.

## CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn.—No. 1 white 87½¢, No. 2 white 87½¢, No. 3 white 86½¢, No. 4 white 86½¢, No. 1 yellow 86½¢, No. 2 yellow 86½¢, No. 3 yellow 85½¢, No. 4 yellow 85½¢, No. 1 mixed 86¢, No. 2 mixed 85½¢, No. 3 mixed 85½¢, No. 4 mixed 85½¢, white ear 86¢, yellow ear 86¢, mixed ear 86¢.

Hay.—New hay is quoted as follows: No. 1 timothy \$19.50@20, No. 2 \$17.50@18, No. 3 timothy \$15.50@16, No. 1 clover mixed \$18.50@19, No. 2 clover mixed \$16.50@17, No. 1 clover \$18.50, No. 2 clover \$16.50.

Oats.—No. 2 white 46¢@46½¢, standard 45½¢@46¢, No. 3 white 44½¢@45¢, No. 4 white 42½¢@44¢, No. 2 mixed 44½¢@45¢, No. 3 mixed 44½¢@45¢, No. 4 mixed 42¢@43½¢.

Wheat.—No. 2 red \$1.02@1.04, No. 3 red \$1.01@1.02, No. 4 red 95¢@1.

Poultry.—Hens, 4 lbs and over, 13¢; under 4 lbs, 13¢; roosters 10¢; springers, 2 lbs and over, 17¢; under 2 lbs, 16¢; young spring ducks, 4 lbs and over, 13¢; ducks, white, under 4 lbs, 10¢@12¢; colored 10¢; young turkeys, 3-lb average, 20¢; turkeys, tom, 16¢; young turkeys, 3 lbs, 25¢; culi turkeys, 8¢.

Eggs.—Prime firsts 22½¢, firsts 20½¢, ordinary firsts 17½¢, seconds 15½¢.

Cattle.—Shippers \$7.50@8.50, extra \$8.50@9.25; butcher steers, extra \$8@8.25, good to choice \$6.85@7.90, common to fair \$5.50@6.75; heifers, extra \$7.85@8, good to choice \$7.25@7.75.

Bulls.—Bologna \$6@6.50, extra \$6.60@6.75, fat bulls \$6.50@7.

Calves.—Good light strong, 25¢@50¢ higher; other grades steady.

Hogs.—Packers and butchers steady; light shippers 8¢ lower; pigs 10¢ lower. Selected heavy \$9.10@9.20.

Sheep.—Extra light \$4.75, good to choice \$4.25@4.65, common to fair \$2.50@4.15.

Lambs.—Extra \$8.60, good to choice \$8.25@8.50.

There will be the full complement of backs broken in two, of arms twisted wholly off, of men impaled upon their bayonets, of legs smashed up like bits of firewood, of heads sliced open like apples, of other heads crunched into soft jelly by the iron hoofs of horses, of faces trampled out of all likeness to anything human. This is what skulls behind "a splendid charge." This is what follows, as a matter of course, when our fellows rode at them in style and cut them up famously.—Charles Dickens.

The ideal thing. Man will never become entirely satisfied until somebody can contrive a system of full-time wages without work.—Houston Post.

Man will never become entirely satisfied until somebody can contrive a system of full-time wages without work.—Houston Post.

## MOTHER OF SCHOOL GIRL

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Daughter's Health.

Plover, Iowa.—"From a small child my 13 year old daughter had female weakness. I spoke to three doctors about it and they did not help her any. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had been of great benefit to me, so I decided to have her give it a trial. She has taken five bottles of the Vegetable Compound according to directions on the bottle and she is cured of this trouble. She was all run down when she started taking the Compound and her periods did not come right. She was so poorly and weak that I often had to help her dress herself, but now she is regular and is growing strong and healthy."—Mrs. MARTIN HELVIG, Plover, Iowa.

Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy.

If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

### A Piece of Fiction.

"Is this the bookkeeper?"  
"Yes, sir."

"I'm the head of the firm. I came in to ask you if you would accept an increase in your salary."

"No sir! I'm getting too much as it is. You could get any number of men to fill my place for half the money."

"But our profits are so great we don't know what to do with them."

"Sorry; but to encourage me in that sort of thing would only result in disaster. Besides, if I got more money my family of nine children might get enough to eat. And if the practice should spread, the whole civic fabric would be upset."

"But I really feel—"

"Go away, sir! I won't listen to you! Discharge me if you must, but raise my salary—never!"—Life.

### Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

### Another Meanest Man.

Burton—Mean man, isn't he?  
Robinson—Mean? He's capable of going into a barber shop for a shave and then getting his hair cut just to keep other people waiting.

Occasionally you meet a man who is so chivalrous toward women that he is actually polite to his own wife.

Be happy. Use Red Cross Ball Blues much better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All grocers. Adv.

It is possible to be a man of many parts by trying to be all the different kinds of fool at once.

Every man has a circle of acquaintances, but they are not always square.

**Sore Eyes**  
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by *Murine Eye Remedy*. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. *Murine Eye Salve* in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free. Druggists or *Murine Eye Remedy Co.*, Chicago.

**Constipation Vanishes Forever**  
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure  
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—dissolve—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

*Green Wood*

**FREE COURSE OF TRAINING FOR PUPIL NURSES**  
For conscientious, well educated young women at City Hospital, Cleveland, Ohio. Unusual variety of experience; new Nurses' Home soon to be occupied; finest Contagious Diseases Building in the State; Children's Ward and Maternity Department; Monthly allowance from time of acceptance. Next class formed Oct. 1. Apply to Miss Frederika K. Ganser, Principal.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Useful in various disorders. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 25c and 50c per Bottle.

W. N. U. CINCINNATI, No. 25-1915